

```

    program trinve
*****
*   this program inverts transmission data of a
*   substrate. On input it wants to know precisely the substrate optical
*   constant, and the thickness.
*   The program samples segments of one period of Fabry-Perod oscillations
*   and fits the plan-parallel-substrate formula to this.
*****
    parameter(num=100000,nn=1000)
    real x(num),y(num),ylo,yhi,dsub,p
*   ,xmn(nn),xmx(nn),ymn(nn),ymx(nn),xav(nn),ymin,ymax,phi
*   ,a,b,c,dp,dm,pimp,pi
*   ,xx(nn),yy(nn),sig(nn),ysel
    complex epssub(nn)
    integer i,i1,i2,i3,i4,imx,ihl(num),ilo(num),nmx,nperio,n,itl,ntl
    character*40 flin,flout
    pi=4.*atan(1.)
    write(*,*) 'give inputfilename '
    read(*,'(a40)') flin
    open(14,file=flin)
    write(*,*) 'give outputfilename '
    read(*,'(a40)') flout
    write(*,*) 'how many measurement points per period ? '
    read(*,*) nperio
    write(*,*) 'substrate thickness in cm ? '
    read(*,*) dsub
    open(23,file=flout)
    open(28,file='ppqq.out')
    do 100 i=1,num
        read(14,*,END=101) x(i),y(i)
        y(i)=1/y(i)
100    continue
101    imx=i-1
        close(14)
        n=1
        i1=1
        write(*,*) 'give no of points for memory of nperiod (typically nperiod
*   itselfe ) '
        read(*,*) nqmx
150    ylo=1e8
        yhi=-1e8
        do 200 i=i1,i1+0.75*nperio
*       find nth maximum
c       write(*,*) yhi,ylo,y(i)
            if (y(i).gt.yhi) then
                ihl(n)=i
                yhi=y(i)
            endif
200    continue
        il=ihl(n)
        do 205 i=i1,i1+1.25*nperio
*       find nth minimum
            if (y(i).lt.ylo) then
                ilo(n)=i
                ylo=y(i)
            endif
205    continue
        il=ilo(n)

```

```

if (.not.(n.eq.1)) then
  nq=n-1
  if (n.gt.nqmx) nq=nqmx
  nperio=(ihi(n)-ihi(n-nq))/nq
  p=nq/(2*dsub*(x(ihi(n))-x(ihi(n-nq))))
else
  p=1/(2*dsub*(x(1+nperio)-x(1)))
endif
write(*,*) 'n,x,di,period',n,x(ihi(n)),ihi(n)-ihi(n-1),nperio
if (nperio.eq.0) then
  write(*,*) 'nperio = 0, endless loop, give new value '
  read(*,*) nperio
endif
i2=i1+1.25*nperio
if (i2.gt.imx) goto 151
xmx(n)=x(ihi(n))
ymx(n)=y(ihi(n))
xmn(n)=x(ilo(n))
ymn(n)=y(ilo(n))
epssub(n)=p**2
n=n+1
goto 150
151 nmx=n
do 300 n=2,nmx-1
c   p=real(csqrt(epssub(n-1)))
c   i1=ilo(n-1)
c   i2=ihi(n)
c   i3=ilo(n)
c   i4=ihi(n+1)
c   ysel=ymn(n)+0.5*(ymx(n)-ymn(n))
cc select the points around nth maximum for which y > ysel
c   write(*,*) 'k ',x(ihi(n)), ' nsubs ',p
c   itl=0
c   write(*,*) 'pts around ',xmx(n), ' with ',ymx(n), ' > y > ',ysel
c   do 310 i=i1,i3
c     if (y(i).gt.ysel) then
c       itl=itl+1
c       xx(itl)=x(i)
c       yy(itl)=y(i)
c       sig(itl)=1.
c       write(*,*) itl,i,xx(itl),yy(itl)
c     endif
c310 continue
c   ntl=itl
c   phi=0
cc fit a sinus to this set of points:
c   write(*,*) 'old xmx,ymx is : ',xmx(n),ymx(n)
c   call fitsin(xx,yy,sig,ntl,dsub,p,xmx(n),ymx(n),ymn(n),phi)
c   write(*,*) 'new xmx,ymx is : ',xmx(n),ymx(n)
cc select the points around nth minimum for which y < ysel
c   itl=0
c   write(*,*) 'pts around ',xmn(n), ' with ',ymn(n), ' < y < ',ysel
c   do 320 i=i2,i4
c     if (y(i).lt.ysel) then
c       itl=itl+1
c       xx(itl)=x(i)
c       yy(itl)=y(i)
c       sig(itl)=1.

```

```

c      write(*,*) itl,i,xx(itl),yy(itl)
c      endif
c320   continue
c      ntl=itl
c      phi=0
cc fit a sinus to this set of points: y=ymx-alfa*(x-xmx)**2
c      write(*,*) 'old xmn,ymn is : ',xmn(n),ymn(n)
c      call fitsin(xx,yy,sig,ntl,dsub,p,xmx(n),ymx(n),ymn(n),phi)
c      write(*,*) 'new xmn,ymn is : ',xmn(n),ymn(n)
c
c      xav(n)=xmn(n-1)
c      ymin=ymn(n-1)
c      ymax=(ymx(n)+ymx(n-1))/2
c      write(28,*) xav(n),(ymax-ymin)/2,(ymin+ymax)/2
c      p=sqrt(ymax-ymin)+sqrt(1+ymax-ymin)
c      a=ymax+ymin
c      b=(1+p)**2/(2*p)
c      c=(1-p)**2/(2*p)
c      dp=a/b**2+sqrt(a**2/b**4-c**2/b**2)
c      dm=a/b**2-sqrt(a**2/b**4-c**2/b**2)
c      pimp=0.5*a*log(dp)/(xav(n)*2*pi*dsub)
c      epssub(n)=cplx(p**2,2*pimp*p)
c      write(23,*) xav(n),real(epssub(n)),aimag(epssub(n))
300   continue
      close(23)
      close(28)
      end
*****
*****
      subroutine fitsin(xx,yy,sig,nfil,dsubs,p,xav,ymx,ymn,phi)
      parameter(nfys=50,ma=6,nca=6)
      integer nfil,i,lista(ma),mfit,flag
      real pi,xx(nfys),yy(nfys),work(nfys),tol(nfys)
      * ,a(ma),dyda(ma),covar(nca,nca),alpha(nca,nca)
      * ,beta(ma),ochisq,chisq,alamda
      * ,alamol,chilim
      * ,p,dsubs,dfilm,w,x,y,xav,ymx,ymn,phi
      external sinus
      pi=4.*atan(1.)
*****Fit the double-layer expression to the data
c      initialize fitparameters:
c      mfit=2
c      lista(1)=1
c      lista(2)=4
c      a(1)=(ymx+ymn)/2
c      a(2)=(ymx-ymn)/2
c      a(3)=4*pi*dsubs*p
c      a(4)=phi
*      stop if the curve fits better than 0.00001 (absolute) per point:
      chilim=0.00001
      chilim=nfil*(chilim**2)
      alamda=-1
      flag=0
      alamol=alamda
      write(*,'(6a8,1h)') 'yav,yamp,freq,phi'
      write(*,*) a(1),a(2),a(3),a(4)
      do 45 i=1,1000

```

```

    call mrqmin(xx,yy,sig,nfil,a,dyda,ma,lista,mfit,
*      covar,alpha,beta,nca,chisq,ochisq,alamda,sinus)
    write(*,'(6(e9.3,1h ))') alamda,chisq,a(1),a(2),a(3),a(4)
    if (alamda.gt.alamol) then
        flag=flag+1
    else
        flag=0
    endif
    alamol=alamda
    if (chisq.lt.chilim) then
        write(*,*) 'Iteration interrupted. Reason: '
        write(*,*) chisq,' = chisq dropped below limit = ',chilim
        goto 46
    endif
    if (flag.gt.6) then
        write(*,*) 'Iteration interrupted. Reason: '
        write(*,*) alamda,' = alamda increased six times '
        goto 46
    endif
45  continue
    write(*,*) 'Iteration interrupted. Reason: '
    write(*,*) 'number of iterations equals ', i
46  alamda=0
    call mrqmin(xx,yy,sig,nfil,a,dyda,ma,lista,mfit,
*      covar,alpha,beta,nca,chisq,ochisq,alamda,sinus)
*****fit is finished
    ymx=a(1)+a(2)
    ymn=a(1)-a(2)
    phi=a(4)
    do 100 i=1,nfil
        x=xx(i)
        call sinus(x,a,y,dyda,ma)
        write(28,*) x,yy(i),y
100  continue
    xav=0
    do 33 i=1,nfil
        xav=xav+xx(i)
33  continue
    xav=xav/nfil
    return
    END
*****

*****
    subroutine sinus(x,a,y,dyda,na)
    real klad
    dimension a(na),dyda(na)
    y=a(1)+a(2)*cos(x*a(3)+a(4))
    y=a(1)+a(2)*klad
    dyda(1)=1
    dyda(2)=klad
    klad=-a(2)*sin(x*a(3)+a(4))
    dyda(3)=klad*x
    dyda(4)=klad
    return
    end
*****

```

\*\*\*\*\*

```
      SUBROUTINE MRQMIN(X,Y,SIG,NDATA,A,DYDA,MA,LISTA,MFIT,
*      COVAR,ALPHA,beta,NCA,CHISQ,ochisq,ALAMDA,myfunc)
      PARAMETER (MMAX=20)
      REAL X(NDATA),Y(NDATA),SIG(NDATA),A(MA),DYDA(MA),
*      COVAR(NCA,NCA),ALPHA(NCA,NCA),ATRY(MMAX),BETA(ma),DA(MMAX)
      INTEGER LISTA(MA)
      integer kk,j,ihit,k
      external myfunc
      IF(ALAMDA.LT.0.)THEN
        KK=MFIT+1
        DO 12 J=1,MA
          IHIT=0
          DO 11 K=1,MFIT
            IF(LISTA(K).EQ.J)IHIT=IHIT+1
11          CONTINUE
            IF (IHIT.EQ.0) THEN
              LISTA(KK)=J
              KK=KK+1
            ELSE IF (IHIT.GT.1) THEN
              PAUSE 'Improper permutation in LISTA'
            ENDIF
12          CONTINUE
            IF (KK.NE.(MA+1)) PAUSE 'Improper permutation in LISTA'
            ALAMDA=0.001
            CALL MRQCOF(X,Y,SIG,NDATA,A,MA,LISTA,MFIT,ALPHA,BETA,NCA,
*            CHISQ,dyda,myfunc)
            OCHISQ=CHISQ
            DO 13 J=1,MA
              ATRY(J)=A(J)
13          CONTINUE
            ENDIF
            DO 15 J=1,MFIT
              DO 14 K=1,MFIT
                COVAR(J,K)=ALPHA(J,K)
14              CONTINUE
                COVAR(J,J)=ALPHA(J,J)*(1.+ALAMDA)
                DA(J)=BETA(J)
15              CONTINUE
            CALL GAUSSJ(COVAR,MFIT,NCA,DA,1,1)
            IF(ALAMDA.EQ.0.)THEN
              CALL COVSRT(COVAR,NCA,MA,LISTA,MFIT)
              RETURN
            ENDIF
            do 36 j=1,ma
              atry(j)=a(j)
36          continue
            DO 16 J=1,MFIT
              ATRY(LISTA(J))=A(LISTA(J))+DA(J)
16          CONTINUE
            CALL MRQCOF(X,Y,SIG,NDATA,ATRY,MA,LISTA,MFIT,COVAR,DA,NCA,
*            CHISQ,dyda,myfunc)
            IF(CHISQ.LT.OCHISQ)THEN
              ALAMDA=0.1*ALAMDA
              OCHISQ=CHISQ
              DO 18 J=1,MFIT
                DO 17 K=1,MFIT
```

```

        ALPHA(J,K)=COVAR(J,K)
17      CONTINUE
        BETA(J)=DA(J)
        A(LISTA(J))=ATRY(LISTA(J))
18      CONTINUE
      ELSE
        ALAMDA=10.*ALAMDA
        CHISQ=OCHISQ
      ENDIF
      RETURN
      END

```

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

```

SUBROUTINE MRQCOF(X,Y,SIG,NDATA,A,MA,LISTA,MFIT)
* ,ALPHA,BETA,nalp,CHISQ,dyda,myfunc)
REAL X(NDATA),Y(NDATA),SIG(NDATA),ALPHA(NALP,NALP),BETA(MA),
* A(MA),DYDA(MA)
INTEGER LISTA(MFIT)
integer j,k,i
real ymod,sig2i,dy,wt
external myfunc
DO 12 J=1,MFIT
  DO 11 K=1,J
    ALPHA(J,K)=0.
11    CONTINUE
    BETA(J)=0.
12  CONTINUE
  CHISQ=0.
  DO 15 I=1,NDATA
    CALL myfunc(X(I),A,YMOD,DYDA,MA)
    SIG2I=1./(SIG(I)*SIG(I))
    DY=Y(I)-YMOD
    DO 14 J=1,MFIT
      WT=DYDA(LISTA(J))*SIG2I
      DO 13 K=1,J
        ALPHA(J,K)=ALPHA(J,K)+WT*DYDA(LISTA(K))
13      CONTINUE
        BETA(J)=BETA(J)+DY*WT
14      CONTINUE
      CHISQ=CHISQ+DY*DY*SIG2I
15  CONTINUE
  DO 17 J=2,MFIT
    DO 16 K=1,J-1
      ALPHA(K,J)=ALPHA(J,K)
16  CONTINUE
17  CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END

```

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

```

SUBROUTINE COVSRT(COVAR,NCVM,MA,LISTA,MFIT)
real COVAR(NCVM,NCVM)
integer LISTA(MFIT)
integer j,i

```

```

real swap
DO 12 J=1,MA-1
  DO 11 I=J+1,MA
    COVAR(I,J)=0.
11  CONTINUE
12  CONTINUE
DO 14 I=1,MFIT-1
  DO 13 J=I+1,MFIT
    IF(LISTA(J).GT.LISTA(I)) THEN
      COVAR(LISTA(J),LISTA(I))=COVAR(I,J)
    ELSE
      COVAR(LISTA(I),LISTA(J))=COVAR(I,J)
    ENDIF
13  CONTINUE
14  CONTINUE
SWAP=COVAR(1,1)
DO 15 J=1,MA
  COVAR(1,J)=COVAR(J,J)
  COVAR(J,J)=0.
15  CONTINUE
COVAR(LISTA(1),LISTA(1))=SWAP
DO 16 J=2,MFIT
  COVAR(LISTA(J),LISTA(J))=COVAR(1,J)
16  CONTINUE
DO 18 J=2,MA
  DO 17 I=1,J-1
    COVAR(I,J)=COVAR(J,I)
17  CONTINUE
18  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

\*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*

```

SUBROUTINE GAUSSJ(A,N,NP,B,M,MP)
PARAMETER (NMAX=20)
real A(NP,NP),B(NP,MP)
integer IPIV(NMAX),INDXR(NMAX),INDXC(NMAX)
integer j,i,k,irow,icol,l,ll
real big,dum,pivinv
DO 11 J=1,N
  IPIV(J)=0
11  CONTINUE
DO 22 I=1,N
  BIG=0.
  DO 13 J=1,N
    IF(IPIV(J).NE.1)THEN
      DO 12 K=1,N
        IF (IPIV(K).EQ.0) THEN
          IF (ABS(A(J,K)).GE.BIG)THEN
            BIG=ABS(A(J,K))
            IROW=J
            ICOL=K
          ENDIF
        ELSE IF (IPIV(K).GT.1) THEN
          PAUSE 'Singular matrix'
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
    ENDIF
  ENDIF

```

```

12         CONTINUE
          ENDIF
13     CONTINUE
        IPIV(ICOL)=IPIV(ICOL)+1
        IF (IROW.NE.ICOL) THEN
            DO 14 L=1,N
                DUM=A(IROW,L)
                A(IROW,L)=A(ICOL,L)
                A(ICOL,L)=DUM
14         CONTINUE
            DO 15 L=1,M
                DUM=B(IROW,L)
                B(IROW,L)=B(ICOL,L)
                B(ICOL,L)=DUM
15         CONTINUE
        ENDIF
        INDXR(I)=IROW
        INDXC(I)=ICOL
        IF (A(ICOL,ICOL).EQ.0.) PAUSE 'Singular matrix.'
        PIVINV=1./A(ICOL,ICOL)
        A(ICOL,ICOL)=1.
        DO 16 L=1,N
            A(ICOL,L)=A(ICOL,L)*PIVINV
16         CONTINUE
        DO 17 L=1,M
            B(ICOL,L)=B(ICOL,L)*PIVINV
17         CONTINUE
        DO 21 LL=1,N
            IF(LL.NE.ICOL)THEN
                DUM=A(LL,ICOL)
                A(LL,ICOL)=0.
                DO 18 L=1,N
                    A(LL,L)=A(LL,L)-A(ICOL,L)*DUM
18                 CONTINUE
                DO 19 L=1,M
                    B(LL,L)=B(LL,L)-B(ICOL,L)*DUM
19                 CONTINUE
            ENDIF
21         CONTINUE
22     CONTINUE
        DO 24 L=N,1,-1
            IF(INDXR(L).NE.INDXC(L))THEN
                DO 23 K=1,N
                    DUM=A(K,INDXR(L))
                    A(K,INDXR(L))=A(K,INDXC(L))
                    A(K,INDXC(L))=DUM
23                 CONTINUE
            ENDIF
24     CONTINUE
        RETURN
        END
*****

```